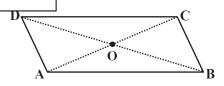
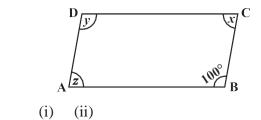


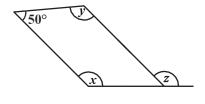
## PUBLIC SCHOOL DARBHANGA

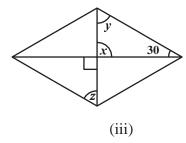
## SESSION ( 2020-21) CLASS-VIII MATHEMATICS Quadrilaterals

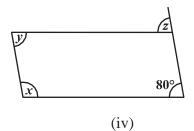


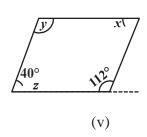
- 1. Given a parallelogram ABCD. Complete each statement along with the definition or property used.
  - (i)  $AD = \dots$  (ii)  $\square DCB = \dots$
  - (iii)  $OC = \dots$  (iv)  $m \square DAB + m \square CDA = \dots$
- 1. Consider the following parallelograms. Find the values of the unknowns x, y, z.



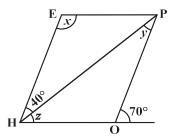






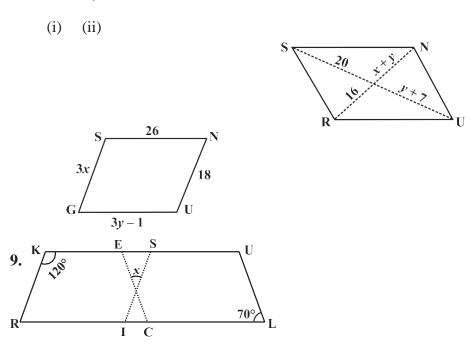


- **2.** Can a quadrilateral ABCD be a parallelogram if
  - (i)  $\Box D + \Box B = 180^{\circ}$ ? (ii) AB = DC = 8 cm, AD = 4 cm and BC = 4.4 cm? (iii)  $\Box A = 70^{\circ}$  and  $\Box C = 65^{\circ}$ ?
- **3.** Draw a rough figure of a quadrilateral that is not a parallelogram but has exactly two opposite angles of equal measure.
- **4.** The measures of two adjacent angles of a parallelogram are in the ratio 3 : 2. Find the measure of each of the angles of the parallelogram.
- **5.** Two adjacent angles of a parallelogram have equal measure.



Find the measure of each of the angles of the parallelogram.

- **6.** The adjacent figure HOPE is a parallelogram. Find the angle measures x, y and z. State the properties you use to find them.
- 7. The following figures GUNS and RUNS are parallelograms. Find x and y. (Lengths are in cm)



In the above figure both RISK and CLUE are parallelograms. Find the value of x.

10 Explain how this figure is a trapezium. Which of its two sides are parallel?

